EXHIBITION

IN THE GALLERIES

At cultural center, art is tethered to Korea

BY MARK JENKINS

For three South Korean women making art in the United States, being connected means retaining ties to their families and their culture. But more literal sorts of links also figure in "Newly Connected," a show of

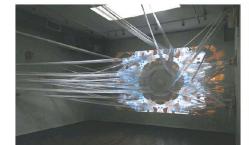
"Newly Connected," a show of video, photography, sculpture and painting at the Korean Cultural Center.

One of the center's two galleries has been laced with white strands by Kieun Kim, who supplements the spidery installation with ambient music and kaleidoscopic lights. The enticing web was designed in part for a performance in which Kim acts out her search for identity and purpose. Even when identity and purpose. Even when the performer is not there, though, her existence is strongly indicated by the objects holding the cords in place: wall-mounted

the cords in place: wall-mounted wooden mannequin hands. Stones and songs attach Kyoung eun Kang to Korea, specifically to her parents. In a video, the artist laboriously navigates a New York City sidewalk, balancing upon rocks sent from her homeland by her mother. She also photographed her parents as they held stones in front of their faces, and she videotaned them separately as rront or their faces, and she videotaped them separately as they sang traditional Korean laments. The video locations are two different lighthouses, navigational aids that here offer a sense of loss.

sense of loss.

In paintings supplemented by ceramic orbs, Namwon Choi renders postcard views of scenic byways. Such scenes are not quite byways. Such scenes are not qui universal, but they can be seen anywhere trees grow alongside modern, auto-oriented thoroughfares. The pictures are incorporated into tidy, larger







LEFT: Kieun Kim's "Revealuxion" installation at the Korean Cultural Center includes enticing weblike strands and is

augmented with ambient music and

ambient music and kaleidoscopic lights. RIGHT: Zofie Kings exhibition at IA&A at Hillyer touches on the ecrebral and the sacred, with mini-brains molded from pages of 19th-century Bibles hanging from the ceiling and a banner that reads "I didn't say that," a declaration open to interpretation.

compositions of narrow lines and thick bars, a sort of hard-edge geometric imagery that's also common throughout the industrialized world. What ties the work to traditional culture is the austere color scheme: blue and white, common in Asian pottery. Choi connects the new to an art from that was old when an art form that was old when the first Model T chugged off the assembly line.

Newly Connected Through Sept. 27 at the Korean Cultural Center, 2370 Massachusetts Ave. NW.

Amy Guadagnoli

Amy Guadagnoli
Woodblock printing is a
millennia-old process, used
widely but associated notably
with Japan in the 1603-1868 Edo
period. Amy Guadagnoli doesn't
explicitly enulate that era's
printunaking, but there are
aspects of her style that recall it.
Most of the works in "Cutting
Through," the artist's Washington
Printunakers Gallery show, are on
mulberry paper, a traditional
Japanese medium. Patterns she
incises into areas of flat color
suggest decorative motifs seen on suggest decorative motifs seen on kimonos. And Guadagnoli conceives her images as "in the spirit of Buddhist koans," according to her statement

Yet these dynamically composed, splendidly colorful pictures differ from their Japanese precursors in significant ways. Unlike Edo-period prints, they don't depict the known world. They're abstract, with mere hints of landscape in vista-implying landscape in vista-implying horizontals and treelike verticals. Also, Guadagnoli often prints from the same hand-carved block, recutting it between each impression of an additional color. This approach, known as reduction printing, yields pieces that are unique and irreproducible, not masspooted. The show's title Guadagnoli. The show's title, Guadagnoli

The show's title, Guadagnoli explains, is both literal and metaphorical: She wants to slice through the viewer severyday perceptions. In the print "Ksel," one of the show's standouts, the forms and spaces hewed by her blade play eloquently against each other. The black vertical at the center is framed by what appear to be gashes of white—unprinted paper that's as forceful as the inked areas. It's a strategy worthy of an Edo-period virtuoso.

Amy Guadagnoli: Cutting Through Through Sept. 29 at Washington Printmakers Gallery, 1641 Wisconsin

Zofie King

Zofie King
The curiosity cabinet—or
"wunderkammer" in Zofie King's
native Germany—was a place for
wealthy, educated people to keep
scientific specimens, holy
mementos and small artworks.
Such cabinets have lost their
usefulness since they originated
about 400 years ago, but for King
they still have a purpose. Her
show at IA&A at Hillyer, "Secular
Relics and Apocryphal Fossils,"
combines real and fake to spark
reflection on what we believe and
why.
Since it's a compendium of

ny. Since it's a compendium of found and invented objects, the Arlington artist's show can be seen as a big brain. It's stuffed seen as a big brain. It's stuffed with information that ranges from meaningful to worthless. The brain metaphor also suggests itself because models of the human cerebrum abound: A translucent yellow-resin one glows at the center of one assemblage, while a flock of minibrains molded from pages of 19th-century Bibles hangs from the ceiling in another construction. onstruction. The cabinets hold minerals,

fabric, bullet shells and fur, both synthetic and genuine. But

religion seems to be King's principal interest. A banner on the wall reads, "I didn't say that." Is this the word of a god, rebuking those who play loose with scripture? What some take as absolute truth, King suggests, is merely an accumulation of symbols and supnositions symbols and suppositions

Zofie King: Secular Relics and Apocryphal Fossils Through Sept. 29 at IA&A at Hillyer, 9 Hillyer Ct. NW.

The Trawick Prize

There are no traditional portraits among the work by the eight finalists for this year's gift finalists of this year's regist finalists for this year's Travick Prize, on exhibit at Gallery B, but a human presence is suggested in effective ways. Among the most powerful submissions from the Maryland, Virignia and D.C. entrants is a life-size silhouette of a crouching man on the size of a wooden crate, one of two pieces that wooden crate, one of two pieces that wooden crate, one of two pieces that wooden memorializes Henry "Box".

Brown, an enslawed man who escaped Virginia in 1849 by having himself shipped to Philadelphia. Philadelphia. Second-place winner Mojdeh

Rezaeipour evokes family and Iranian American identity Iranian American identity primarily with artifacts, supplemented by small paintings. Renee Rendine took third place by erecting a field of yellow-plastic lattices under a white-mesh funnel for a performance, which can be seen on video.

The young-artist award went to Monroe Isenberg for a brawny construction: a stump-like wooden sculpture that seemingly teeters in space, held up by a

wooden sculpture that seemingly teeters in space, held up by a cable. The feeling of tension that makes the piece so virtal is echoed in a large, off-kilter ceramic sculpture by Anne Clare Rogers. Both Isenberg and Rogers abstract the natural world while retaining a trace of its actual power.

The Trawick Prize: Bethesda Contemporary Art Awards Through Sept. 28 at Gallery B, 7700 Wisconsin Ave., #E, Bethesda

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